# State of New Mexico Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Department

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# NOTICE

## Civil Penalty Calculation Method Version 2020-01

May 6, 2020

The Oil Conservation Division (OCD) issues the attached Civil Penalty Calculation Method – Version 2020-01 to implement the authority granted by the Oil and Gas Act, Section 70-2-31. Concurrently, OCD publishes the exel spreadsheet calculator for civil penalties and a sample calculation.

#### OIL CONSERVATION DIVISION

#### CIVIL PENALTY CALCULATION METHOD

#### **VERSION 2020-01**

#### I. INTRODUCTION

This Civil Penalty Calculation Method ("Method") provides guidance for calculating a civil penalty that complies with the Oil and Gas Act ("Act"), NMSA 1978, Section 70-2-1, et seq. The Act authorizes the Oil Conservation Division ("Division") to assess a penalty for a violation of the Act or a rule, order, permit, or authorization issued pursuant to the Act. The penalty must account for the seriousness of the violation, the good faith effort to comply, the history of noncompliance, and other relevant factors. Additionally, the penalty shall not exceed two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500) per day of noncompliance for each violation, unless the violation presents a risk to public health or safety or may cause significant environmental harm, or the noncompliance continues beyond the time specified in the notice of violation, whereupon the penalty shall not exceed ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) per day of noncompliance for each violation. Finally, the penalty for a violation shall not exceed two hundred thousand dollars (\$200,000).

#### II. EFFECTIVE DATE

The Method is effective upon the signature of the Division Director. Each subsequent version of the Method supersedes all previous versions and applies to all penalties calculated after the applicable effective date.

#### III. OBJECTIVES

The objectives of the Method are to:

- A. ensure the fair and consistent determination of penalties;
- **B.** impose penalties that account for the statutory and other relevant factors;
- C. comply with the statutory limitations;
- D. deter noncompliance and encourage voluntary compliance and reporting; and
- E. ensure a level playing field for economic competitors.

Compliance is required in all circumstances. The assessment or payment of a penalty does not excuse delay in compliance or continued noncompliance with the Act or a rule, order, permit, or authorization issued pursuant to the Act.

#### IV. DISCLAIMER

The Method is guidance only, does not constitute final agency action, and does not create any right, duty, obligation, defense, or cause of action in any person. The Division may revise this Method at any time without public notice or comment.

#### V. NOTICE

The Method will be posted on the Division's website.

#### VI. PENALTY CALCULATION

#### A. GENERAL

The Method is applied by:

- 1. determining the Base Penalty;
- 2. determining the number of days of violation;
- 3. applying the statutory and other relevant factors; and
- 4. adjusting the penalty to comply with the statutory limits.

#### B. BASE PENALTY

A penalty may be assessed for each violation of the Act or a rule, order, permit, or authorization issued pursuant to the Act ("requirement") that results from an independent act or failure to act. Examples of Base Penalties are found in Appendix A. A violation results from an independent act or failure to act when it requires at least one element of proof not required to prove another violation. Examples include (1) a violation of two different requirements; (2) a violation of the same requirement on different days; or (3) a violation of the same requirement at different locations. A violation does not result from an independent act or failure to act when it arises from the identical requirement in different forms, such as a requirement in a rule is repeated in a condition of a permit, or when it arises directly from and only because another requirement was violated, such as the failure to submit the results of a test occurs because the test was not performed.

The Base Penalty accounts for the seriousness of a violation, which ranges from negligible to severe. Seriousness is a measure of a violation's potential to harm public health or safety or the environment or to undermine the regulatory scheme. Actual harm is not required. A violator should not receive a benefit because its act or failure to act did not cause actual harm due to the intervention of chance or a third party.

A violation may cause both direct and indirect potential for harm. Direct potential for harm occurs when the violation involves a requirement that protects the public or environment from exposure to a contaminant or an unsafe or dangerous practice. Indirect potential for harm

occurs when the violation involves a requirement that undermines the regulatory scheme, such as failing to post financial assurance or impeding the Division's ability to enforce the rules.

The Division reserves the right to assess a penalty not to exceed ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) per day if it determines that the violation presents a risk to public health or safety or may cause significant environmental harm.

#### C. NUMBER OF DAYS OF VIOLATION

A penalty may be assessed for each day of violation. After the initial day of violation, the violation is presumed to occur on each subsequent day until the day for which the violator presents credible evidence demonstrating that the violation has been abated.

The Base Penalty will be assessed for the initial day of violation. For subsequent days of violation, the Division may assess the Base Penalty or some percentage thereof.

The Division reserves the right to assess a penalty not to exceed ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) per day if the noncompliance continues beyond the time specified in the notice of violation.

#### D. STATUTORY AND OTHER RELEVANT FACTORS

The following factors are considered to adjust the sum of the Base Penalty and multiday component. See Appendix B.

#### 1. Effort to Comply

The Base Penalty may be adjusted to reflect the violator's effort to comply with the requirement. A violator is expected to cooperate with the Division to address the violation, mitigate harm from the violation, and implement policies and procedures to prevent the violation in the future. A downward adjustment may be appropriate when the violator reports the violation and takes prompt action to correct it. An upward adjustment may be appropriate when the violator fails to disclose the violation or delays action to correct it.

#### 2. <u>History of Noncompliance</u>

The Base Penalty may be adjusted to reflect previous noncompliance with the Act or a rule, order, permit, or authorization issued pursuant to the Act by the violator, its parent, or a person or entity with an ownership interest. Previous noncompliance includes violations that were resolved by settlement, regardless whether the violations were denied.

#### 3. Other Relevant Factors

#### a. Negligence and Willfulness

The Base Penalty may be adjusted to reflect the violator's negligence and willfulness that resulted in the violation. A violator who knew or should have known about the act or

failure to act that resulted in the violation is negligent. A violator whose deliberate or intentional act or failure to act resulted in the violation is willful. Relevant considerations include:

- (1) degree of control over the act or failure to act;
- (2) foreseeability of the act or failure to act;
- (3) reasonable precautions that could have been taken to avoid the violation:
- (4) knowledge regarding the requirement; and
- (5) level of sophistication in the industry regarding the requirement.

#### b. Economic Impact

The Base Penalty may be adjusted to reflect the economic impact of the penalty on the violator. For a violator which is a subsidiary, joint venture, or similar entity, the economic impact on the parent or other person or entity with an ownership interest may be considered.

#### c. Economic Benefit

The penalty may be adjusted to recover the economic benefit obtained as a result of the violation.

#### E. COMPLIANCE WITH STATUTORY REQUIREMENTS

The penalty for a violation will be reduced to the statutory maximum amount if it exceeds the applicable statutory limit.

#### F. RECALCULATION OF PENALTY AMOUNT

The penalty may be recalculated whenever new information becomes available that affects the basis for the calculation.

#### G. SETTLEMENT

No credit will be given for supplemental environmental projects, donations, or similar actions.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> A knowing or willful violation also may be prosecuted under the criminal provisions of the Oil and Gas Act. *See* NMSA 1978, § 70-2-31(F).

## VII. RELEASE OF INFORMATION

The Inspection of Public Records Act, NMSA 1978, Sections 14-2-1 *et seq.*, and EMNRD policy and procedures govern the release of public records related to penalties.

Adrienne Sandoval
Director, Oil Conservation Division

Date:

5/06/2020

## APPENDIX A

# BASE PENALTY FOR VIOLATIONS OF NEW MEXICO ADMINISTRATIVE CODE TITLE 19, CHAPTER 15

CITATION	DESCRIPTION	AMOUNT (\$)
5.9(A)(4)(a)	each inactive well exceeding the threshold	250
5.9(A)(4)(b)	each inactive well exceeding the threshold	500
5.9(A)(4)(c)	each inactive well exceeding the threshold	500
5.9(A)(4)(d)	each inactive well exceeding the threshold	1000
5.11	fail to comply with term, condition, or provision of a permit,	250
3.11	administrative order, authorization, or approval	500
	, , , ,	1000
		2500
7.8	fail to keep books and records	500
7.11	fail to obtain OCD approval	1000
7.13(C)	fail to submit amended form	250
7.14 to 7.42	fail to file C-115 (see 7.24)	1000
7.14 to 7.42	fail to file other form or obtain approval, as applicable	500
8.9	fail to provide financial assurance per well	250
8.16	fail to report notice of bankruptcy filing	1000
9.8	fail to register as operator	2500
9.8(C)	fail to change address or contact information of operator	1000
9.9(A)	fail to file C-145	1000
9.9(B)	commence operation before approval of C-145	1000
9.10(B)	fail to file C-146	500
10	fail to remove rubbish or debris	250
10	fail to comply with other safety procedure	1000
11	fail to comply requirement related to hydrogen sulfide gas	2500
12.9	commingling without OCD approval	1000
14.8(A)	fail to obtain permit to drill, deepen, or re-enter a well	2500
16.8	fail to post sign	500
10.0	fail to change operator name on sign	500
	fail to comply with other requirement	250
16.9	fail to comply with requirement related to sealing off strata	1000
16.10	fail to comply with requirements for casing and tubing well	1000
10.10	fail to comply with subsections (B)-(J)	500
	fail to file C-103	250
16.11	fail to me e 105 fail to report defective casing or cementing	2500
16.12	fail to comply with requirement related to blowout prevention	1000
16.13	fail to comply with requirement related to pulling casing	1000

18.16	fail to post sign for oil or other tanks, tank battery, or automatic	500
	custody transfer equipment	
	fail to comply with other requirement regarding signs	250
	fail to comply with other requirement related to oil storage or	500
	retention	
18.17	clean sediment tank, remove sediment oil from lease, or destroy	1000
	sediment oil without OCD approval	
	fail to test representative sample of sediment oil prior to	500
	transport or commingling	
	fail to report sediment oil removed from storage	250
e	fail to report emergency requiring delivery of miscellaneous	250
	hydrocarbons to treating plant or other facility	
18.19	waste of economically salvageable drip	1000
	fail to file C-104 or plat before moving and selling drip	250
	fail to keep records record and maintain C-112 showing	
	amount, source, and disposition of drip handled each month	250
	fail to file map of gas gathering and transportation system	500
19.8	fail to report gas well test	250
	fail to test gas well in accordance with procedure in manual	250
	fail to meter or report produced gas	250
	fail to report well volume	250
20.0	fail to report disconnection of well from transportation facility	250
20.9	produce unit in excess of allowable plus tolerance	500
	fail to report oil in lease storage in excess of 5 days allowable	250
	plus rerun allowable	250
20.11	fail to maintain record of unrun allowable in lease storage	250
20.11	sell oil produced during completion, recompletion, or testing of	500
20.15	well without OCD approval	250
20.15	fail to report recovered load oil	250
21.13	produce gas well after shut-in for purpose other than test	500
22.12	fail to conduct test	250
22.12	produce hardship gas well without OCD approval	250
23.8	transport oil off-lease without OCD approval	1000
25.0	transport oil off-lease without documentation	1000
25.8	fail to properly plug and abandon or approved temporarily	1000
25.0	abandon well	700
25.9	fail to give notice related to plugging well	500
25.10	fail to comply with requirement related to plugging well	1000
25.11	fail to report plugging well	500
25.13	commence temporary abandonment procedure without OCD approval	500
25.14	fail to comply with requirement related to mechanical integrity test	500
26.8	inject produced water or other fluids without permit	2500

26.9	fail to prevent leakage from injection well	1000
26.10	fail to comply with requirement related to operation and	1000
	maintenance of injection well	
26.11	fail to comply with requirement related to test of injection well	500
26.12	fail to comply with requirement related to commencement,	250
	discontinuance, or abandonment of injection well	
26.13	fail to report regarding injection well	250
29.8	fail to comply with requirement related to release	1000
29.9 to 29.10	fail to file C-141 for release	2500
29.19 to 29.110	fail to send C-141 for release to land management agency	1000
29.11	fail to submit release characterization	1000
25.11	fail to submit additional information requested by OCD	500
29.12	fail to submit remediation plan	1000
23.12	fail to comply with remediation plan	1000
	fail to submit C-141 for closure	500
	fail to notify OCD before final sampling	250
	fail to comply with other requirement related to closure	1000
	fail to notify OCD regarding completion of reclamation or	250
	revegetation	250
	fail to comply with other requirement related to restoration,	1000
	reclamation, or revegetation	
30.11	fail to comply with abatement plan	1000
	fail to submit financial assurance for abatement of facility	500
	operating under discharge plan	
	fail to give notice to transferee and OCD	250
30.13	fail to submit abatement plan	1000
30.14	fail to allow OCD to enter facility, collect samples, inspect or	2500
7	copy records, or inspect works or equipment	
34.8 & 34.20	dispose produced water or oil field waste in a manner not	2500
19.	authorized by OCD rules	
34.9	fail to register or permit a recycling facility	1000
	fail to keep accurate records	500
	fail to file C-148 for volumes of water	250
	fail to remove all fluids after cessation of operation	1000
34.10	fail to register recycling containment	2500
	operate without valid registration	1000
	fail to comply with requirement for siting, design, construction,	1000
	operation, closure, reclamation, and financial assurance	
34.17	transport produced water, drilling fluid, or liquid oilfield waste	2500
	without C-133 approved by OCD	
	fail to maintain copy of approved C-133 in transporting vehicle	1000
	allow removal of produced water, drilling fluid, or liquid	1000
	oilfield waste from lease or field facility by person not	
	possessing approved C-133	

34.21	fail to comply with notice to remove recycling facility or	1000
	recycling containment	
35.8	dispose certain oil field waste without OCD approval	1000
35.10	abandon pipeline containing NORM without OCD approval	1000
	fail to notify OCD prior to abandoning pipeline	500
35.11	dispose NORM in commercial or centralized surface waste	1000
	facility without OCD approval	
35.12 & 13	dispose NORM in well without OCD approval	1000
	fail to comply with requirement for disposing NORM	1000
36.8	operate a surface waste management facility without permit	2500
36.11	fail to maintain financial assurance	1000
	fail to notice regarding changes affecting financial assurance	500
	fail to report notice of bankruptcy filing	1000
36.13	fail to comply with requirement related to records or signs at	250
	surface waste management facility	
	fail to comply with other requirement	1000
36.14	fail to comply with requirement for landfill	1000
36.15	fail to comply with requirement for landfarm	1000
36.16	fail to register small landfarm	1000
	fail to comply with requirement related to records or signs	500
	fail to comply with other requirement	1000
36.17	fail to comply with requirement for evaporation, storage,	1000
	treatment, or skimmer pond	
36.18	fail to comply with notice regarding closure	250
	fail to comply with other requirement related to closure	1000
37.8	fail to file C-113 (refinery)	250
37.9	fail to file C-111 (gasoline, cycling, or other plant)	250
39	fail to comply with requirement	500
Other	any violation not specified in Appendix AOCD will determine	250/
	the Base Penalty on a case-by-case basis.	500/1000/2500

# **APPENDIX B**

### **ADUSTMENT FACTORS**

#### TOTAL ADJUSTMENT = SUM OF ADJUSTMENT FACTORS + 1

EFFORT TO COMPLY	
Self-Reported Violation	-0.4
Compliance Prior to NOV Deadline	-0.2
Cooperation and Compliance	0.0
Minimal Cooperation and Compliance	0.3
No Cooperation or Compliance	0.6
HISTORY OF NONCOMPLIANCE	
No history	0.0
Different requirement	0.2
Same or similar requirement	0.4
Substantial history	0.6
NEGLIGENCE AND WILLFULNESS	
None	0.0
Negligence	0.2
Gross Negligence	0.4
Probable or Actual Willfulness	0.6
ECONOMIC IMPACT	
Less than 50 wells or gross sales less than \$500,000	0.0
51-100 wells or gross sales between \$500,000-\$5,000,000	0.2
101-500 wells or gross sales between \$5,000,000-\$10,000,000	0.4
More than 500 wells or gross sales more than \$10,000,000	0.6

# New Mexico Oil Conservation Division Civil Penalty Calculation Worksheet

# **Violation Summary**

Alleged Violator: Generic Oil Company, LLC

Violation Date: <b>3/11/2020</b>	: 3/11/2020		100 2	
Citation	Description	MinPA(\$)	(\$	
10 (Cond. 1)	(Cond. 1) fail to remove rubbish or debris	\$ 2	250.00	
Basis:	Basis: API: 30-015-xxxx, Well: Generic 4 State 1H inspected on March 1. Generic Oil Company, LLC. notified by e-mail on March 1. Reinspected site on			
	Warch 11, no change observed.  Do		<b>o</b> :	
	Penalty Subtotal: \$  Adjustment Factors		2,500.00	
Effort to Comply:		Factor		
	No Cooperation or Compliance	0.6	9	
Comments:	경기 보고 있는 것이 되었다. 그런			
History of Non-Compliance:	10.8.;			
	No history	0		
Comments:				
Negligence and Willfulness:				
	Negligence	0.2	2	
Comments:				
Economic Impact:				
	More than 500 wells or gross sales more than \$10,000,000	9.0	9	
Comments:				
	Factor Subtotal:	al: 2.4	4	



CivilPen-1

Processed: 5/6/2020 12:39

MaxPA(\$)/day

Outstanding Conditions
No outstanding conditions

\$ 2,500.00 Total Penalty= \$ 6,000.00

# New Mexico Oil Conservation Division Civil Penalty Calculation Worksheet

# Violation Summary

Alleged Violator: Generic Oil Company, LLC

Violation Date: 3/11/2020

Violation Date: <b>3/11/2020</b>	3/11/2020	
Citation	Description	MinPA(\$)
5.9(A)(4)(a)	each inactive well exceeding the threshold	\$ 250.00
Basis:	Basis: API: 30-015-xxxx, Well: Generic 16 State 4H Well	
	Pen Adiustment Factors	Days: 1 Penalty Subtotal: \$ 250.00
Effort to Comply:		Factor
Comments:	Cooperation and Compliance	0
History of Non-Compliance:		
Comments:	Same or similar requirement Comments: Generic Oil Company, LLC has previous violations	0.4
Negigence and Willfulness: No Comments:	ss: None	0
Comments:	101-500 wells or gross sales between \$5,000,000-\$10,000,000	0.4



Processed: 5/6/2020 12:39

MaxPA(\$)/day

**Outstanding Conditions** No outstanding conditions

1.8

Factor Subtotal:

\$ 2,500.00 Total Penalty= \$ 450.00